## Data assimilation and inverse problems - Homework Set 1

## Problem 1

Is the probability measure $P(H)=1 / 2, P(T)=1 / 2$ a good model for a coin toss? How often do you observe $H$ (or $T$ ) when you toss a coin 10, 50, 100 or 500 times?

## Problem 2

Let $x$ and $x$ be two random variables. Show that if $x$ and $y$ are independent, then $x$ and $y$ are uncorrelated. Find (or read about) a counter example that shows that if $x$ and $y$ are uncorrelated, they might not be independent. Show that if $x$ and $y$ are jointly Gaussian, then $x$ and $y$ are uncorrelated if and only if $x$ and $y$ are independent.

## Problem 3

Let $x$ be a multivariate random variable with probability density function $p(x) \propto \exp (-F(x))$, where $F(x)$ is a quadratic function with positive definite Hessian. Show that $x$ is Gaussian with mean $\mu=\arg \min F(x)$ and that the covariance matrix is the inverse of the Hessian of $F$ evaluated at its minimizer.

## Problem 4

(Box-Muller algorithm). Let $x$ and $y$ be two independent uniform random variables on $[0,1]$. Show that $\eta_{1}=\sqrt{-2 \sigma^{2} \log x} \cos (2 \pi y)$ and $\eta_{2}=\sqrt{-2 \sigma^{2} \log x} \sin (2 \pi y)$ are independent Gaussians with mean zero and variance $\sigma^{2}$.

