

# Math 529

## Lorenz '96 : ODE Solvers & Linearization

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$$L96: \frac{dx_i}{dt} = (x_{i+1} - x_{i-2})x_{i-1} - x_i + F$$

I write this in vector form  $\dot{\bar{x}} = \bar{F}(\bar{x})$

where  $\bar{F}(\bar{x}) = A\bar{x} \circ B\bar{x} - \bar{x} + \bar{F}$ ,

" $\circ$ " is the hadamard product,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \dots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & \dots & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & \dots & \dots & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \dots & \dots & \dots & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

We then have  $\nabla \bar{F}(\bar{x}) = \text{diag}(A\bar{x})B + \text{diag}(B\bar{x})A - I$   
(proof left to reader).

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I will now drop vector notation.

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Solver #1: RK2 (explicit trapezoid)

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$$x_1 = x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t F(x_0) + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t F(x_0 + \Delta t F(x_0))$$

$$x_{20} = x_{19} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t F(x_{19}) + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t F(x_{19} + \Delta t F(x_{19}))$$

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Linearized M:

$$M = \frac{\partial x_{20}}{\partial x_0} = \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19}) \cdot \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \dots$$

$$\dots + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19} + \Delta t F(x_{19})) \left( \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19}) \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} \right)$$

$$= \left( \mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19}) + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19} + \Delta t F(x_{19})) \left( \mathbf{I} + \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19}) \right) \right) \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} = \dots \left[ \dots \right] \frac{\partial x_{18}}{\partial x_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial x_0} = \left[ \mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_0) + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_0 + \Delta t F(x_0)) \left( \mathbf{I} + \Delta t \nabla F(x_0) \right) \right]$$

Solver 2: RK3

Butcher tableau:

0	0	0	0
$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0
1	-1	2	0
	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$

$$k_1 = f(t_n, y_n)$$

$$k_2 = f\left(t_n + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t, y_n + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t k_1\right)$$

$$k_3 = f\left(t_n + \Delta t, y_n + \Delta t(2k_2 - k_1)\right)$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \Delta t \left( \frac{1}{6}k_1 + \frac{2}{3}k_2 + \frac{1}{6}k_3 \right)$$

L96 RHS has no time dependence, so we have

$$x_1 = x_0 + \frac{1}{6}\Delta t f(x_0) + \frac{2}{3}\Delta t f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t f(x_0)\right) + \dots$$

$$\dots + \frac{1}{6}\Delta t f\left[x_0 + 2\Delta t f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t f(x_0)\right) - \Delta t f(x_0)\right]$$

**RK3**

Linearized M:  $M = \frac{\partial x_{20}}{\partial x_0} = \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{1}{6}\Delta t \nabla f(x_{19}) \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \dots$

$$\dots + \frac{2}{3}\Delta t \nabla f\left(x_{19} + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t f(x_{19})\right) \left[ \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t \nabla f(x_{19}) \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} \right] + \dots$$

$$\dots + \frac{1}{6}\Delta t \nabla f\left[x_{19} + 2\Delta t f\left(x_{19} + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t f(x_{19})\right) - \Delta t f(x_{19})\right] \cdot \dots$$

$$\dots \left[ \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + 2\Delta t \nabla f\left(x_{19} + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t f(x_{19})\right) \left( \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{1}{2}\Delta t \nabla f(x_{19}) \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} \right) - \dots \right.$$

$$\left. \dots - \Delta t \nabla f(x_{19}) \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} \right]$$

# Solver 2: RK3

$$M = \left\{ I + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{1q}) + \frac{2}{3} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{1q} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_{1q})) \left( I + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{1q}) \right) + \dots \right.$$

$$\dots + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla F \left[ x_{1q} + 2 \Delta t f(x_{1q} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_{1q})) - \Delta t f(x_{1q}) \right] \cdot$$

$$\dots \cdot \left[ I + 2 \Delta t \nabla F(x_{1q} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_{1q})) \left( I + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{1q}) \right) - \Delta t \nabla F(x_{1q}) \right] \left. \right\} \left( \frac{\partial x_{1q}}{\partial x_0} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial x_1}{\partial x_0} = I + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla F(x_0) + \frac{2}{3} \Delta t \nabla F(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_0)) \left( I + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_0) \right) + \dots$$

$$\dots + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla F \left[ x_0 + 2 \Delta t f(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_0)) - \Delta t f(x_0) \right] \cdot \dots$$

$$\dots \cdot \left[ I + 2 \Delta t \nabla F(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_0)) \left( I + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_0) \right) - \Delta t \nabla F(x_0) \right]$$

Solver 3: RK4 should be  $\frac{1}{3}$

$$x_1 = x_0 + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t k_1^0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta t k_2^0 + \frac{1}{3} \Delta t k_3^0 + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t k_4^0$$

where  $k_1^0 = f(x_0)$

$$k_2^0 = f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_0)\right) = f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t k_1^0\right)$$

$$k_3^0 = f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_0)\right)\right) = f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t k_2^0\right)$$

$$k_4^0 = f\left(x_0 + \Delta t f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f\left(x_0 + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t f(x_0)\right)\right)\right) = f\left(x_0 + \Delta t k_3^0\right)$$

$$\text{Then } M = \frac{\partial x_{20}}{\partial x_0} = \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla k_1^{19} + \frac{1}{3} \Delta t \nabla k_2^{19} + \dots$$

$$\dots + \frac{1}{3} \Delta t \nabla k_3^{19} + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla k_4^{19}$$

where  $\nabla k_1^{19} = \nabla F(x_{19}) \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0}$

$$\nabla k_2^{19} = \nabla F\left(x_{19} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t k_1^{19}\right) \left(\frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla k_1^{19}\right)$$

$$\nabla k_3^{19} = \nabla F\left(x_{19} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t k_2^{19}\right) \left(\frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla k_2^{19}\right)$$

$$\nabla k_4^{19} = \nabla F\left(x_{19} + \Delta t k_3^{19}\right) \left(\frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} + \Delta t \nabla k_3^{19}\right)$$

# Solver 3: RK4

$$\text{then } M = \frac{\partial x_{20}}{\partial x_0} = \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left[ I + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19}) + \dots \right. \\ &\quad \dots + \frac{2}{3} \Delta t \left[ \nabla F(x_{19} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t k_1^{19}) \left( I + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19}) \right) \right] + \dots \\ &\quad \dots + \frac{1}{3} \Delta t \left[ \nabla F(x_{19} + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t k_2^{19}) \left( I + \frac{1}{2} \Delta t \cdot \square \right) \right] + \dots \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{6} \Delta t \nabla F(x_{19} + \Delta t k_3^{19}) \left( I + \Delta t \cdot \square \right) \right] \cdot \frac{\partial x_{19}}{\partial x_0} \end{aligned}$$

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